

# The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 50

Highest of all in Leavening Power — Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



## DEMPSEY WINS.

The Nomination for the Railroad Commissionership With Moore Second.

## The Currency Question Makes Things Lively.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for railroad commissioner convened in Owensboro Wednesday, May 15, and was called to order by Hon. Henry Barrett, of Paducah, chairman of the Democratic committee of the district.

Maj. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Meacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches the convention was finally organized by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the name of Dr. R. L. Moore. He said he came not to present the name of one pampered with official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commissioned by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delicate task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the many traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he had been tutored for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with undaunting courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing so well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant men who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in all fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the emoluments. Since the commission was created the Second district has held the office; now we present the name of the peer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we present the name of Dr. Moore to this convention and ask that he be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded all through, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Messrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were all good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

Dempsey, 116 3 5  
Richardson, 60 3 5  
Miller, 34 1-10  
Morrow, 29 3-5  
Moor, 29 1-10

After this ballot a motion was made

to adjourn, and there was a hot fight over it, but the chairman declared the motion carried, and the convention adjourned until Thursday morning.

On the first ballot Dr. Moore's friends expected him to be third, but Lyon county voted for Miller, and this gave him the third place.

On Thursday morning a rule was adopted to drop the hindmost candidate after the third ballot.

## SECOND BALLOT.

Dempsey, 117 3-5  
Richardson, 60 3-5  
Moore, 39 3-5  
Morrow, 29 1-10  
Miller, 24 1-10

## THIRD BALLOT.

Dempsey, 117 3-5  
Richardson, 60 3-5  
Moore, 33 3-5  
Morrow, 30 1-10  
Miller, 29 1-10

## FOURTH BALLOT.

Dempsey, 104 3-5  
Richardson, 68 3-4  
Moore, 57 1-4  
Miller, 46 1-4

## MILLER WAS DROPPED.

FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey, 101 2-3  
Moore, 88 2-3  
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This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhett had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissionership, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unfaltering trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the claim thus won shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Olly James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line. Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Olly James got the floor and made a rousing speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

Moses Hermansohn, a merchant of Lafayette, Christian county, Ky., has made an assignment to T. J. Moore, of that town. Hermansohn's liabilities are about \$5000 with assets of about \$600, and on this Marcus Weinburg, a peddler, has a mortgage for \$1,000. Hermansohn's assignment catches quite a number of merchants in Louisville, who have sold goods to him on ninety days time.

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Crittenden county should and will always remember the county of Hancock. It voted for our candidate first, last and all the time.

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## UNCLE SAM'S GREENBACKS.

How They are Made, and What Precautions are Taken to Prevent Counterfeiting Them.

## AIR-ON CLAD MONOPOLY RUN BY THE GOVERNMENT

Special to the PRESS.

Washington, May 21.—No honest man disputes the right of the government to maintain its monopoly of the business of manufacturing paper money. In order to outwit the counterfeiters the greatest care is necessary.

In the first place the peculiar paper employed, which is made of silk fiber and has threads of colored silk embedded in its surfaces, can only be made under strictest supervision of the agents of the Treasury Department.

If a private individual should be found in possession of even a small piece of unprinted paper he would be liable to twenty years imprisonment at hard labor in addition to the payment of a fine of \$5,000. The sheets are counted scores of times from the time that they leave the paper mill at Springfield, Mass., until they are ready for circulation, and each person through whose hands they pass gives a receipt for the quantity received, and is held strictly responsible for the safety of his charge.

In the matter of engraving, every possible precaution is taken to prevent fraud, and the resources of the art are resorted to produce designs which can not be copied. Occasionally workmen have been detected in the practice of making duplicate plates, one for the government and the other for private use, but such practice has been always most emphatically frowned upon when discovered. The work upon each bill is subdivided among so many employees at present that it is not thought possible for any workman to obtain an entire plate. When the designs for the fronts and backs of the bills are decided upon, the work for the different sections is assigned among the various engravers; for instance, one man will be given the portrait, another the border line, another the lettering, and still another the scroll work. Each man, excepting the one that does the scroll work, patiently reproduces upon a plate of soft steel the part of the design given to him. The work is wholly hand labor, each dot and line being carefully cut with sharp pointed chisels, or "gravers."

The scroll work is done with a machine called a "lathe." This machine works upon the principle of the "panograph," which is used in copying pictures. The design for the scroll is made upon a large scale and this is followed by the end of the long arm of the lever. The short end of the lever carries a cutting tool which reproduces the design in the proper scale upon the ordinary soft steel plate. When all of the parts of the design are completed and turned in, they are tempered or hardened and are then passed beneath a roller of soft steel, under great pressure. The designs are thus transferred to the roller, one at a time, and joined together in their proper order, so that when completed the roller will have the complete design for one side of the bill, but every cut in the line of the original design appears as a projection, and vice versa. In other words the roller represents an "intaglio" impression of the design. This roller is in turn tempered and hardened and the hardest part of the work is accomplished.

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The scroll work is done with a machine called a "lathe." This machine works upon the principle of the "panograph," which is used in copying pictures. The design for the scroll is made upon a large scale and this is followed by the end of the long arm of the lever. The short end of the lever carries a cutting tool which reproduces the design in the proper scale upon the ordinary soft steel plate. When all of the parts of the design are completed and turned in, they are tempered or hardened and are then passed beneath a roller of soft steel, under great pressure. The designs are thus transferred to the roller, one at a time, and joined together in their proper order, so that when completed the roller will have the complete design for one side of the bill, but every cut in the line of the original design appears as a projection, and vice versa. In other words the roller represents an "intaglio" impression of the design. This roller is in turn tempered and the hardest part of the work is accomplished.

A company has been formed at Waukegan to send coolness around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero at ease. Who wants that kind of a temperature?

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

In Rock Castle county, Rev. Cappa, a well do Baptist preacher, quarreled with his second wife about his children, when she told him that she would sue for a divorce, without uttering another word and without loss of a moment, he drew a pistol and began firing rapidly at his wife. Four out of the five bullets struck her. One entered her forehead directly between the eyes, another penetrated the breast, a third went into her left shoulder, and the fourth into her left arm. She fell to the floor almost lifeless. Then he drew a dull pocket knife and attempted to cut her throat with it. The blade was too dull to more than lacerate the skin. Throwing the knife away, he went into an adjoining room, procured a razor, and almost served his wind pipe. This he did in his yard, where he was found shortly afterward by Sheriff Cummings.

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Notes.

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## THE NEWS.

### Programme

Of District Sunday School Convention of First District, to be held at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1, 1895:

9:30 Devotional service, conducted by W. J. Hill.

10:30 How can we improve our Sunday school?

10:40 Discussion of topic.

10:50 Report of district president, H. S. Wheeler.

12:00 Intermission.

1:30 Music.

2:15 Statistics and finances, their importance and their aim.

3:00 Discussion.

3:20 Importance of efficient primary teaching.

3:40 Discussion of topic.

3:50 Report of committees.

We hope every Sunday school worker will have something to say under "Discussion of Topic." Let all come with baskets well filled and make it a pleasant day. Every singing class will have a place on programme.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

May Term, 13th Day May, 1895.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY COURT.

Present and presiding, J. A. Moore, Judge.

On motion of M. H. Weldon and others. Upon application by written petition hereunto filed, signed by a number of legal voters in each precinct of Crittenden county, equal to 25 per cent. of the votes cast in each of said precincts in the last general election held in said county, with the required fees, as required by law, praying the court to make an order submitting to the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

Tammany Hall has reorganized by the election of ex-Recorder Frederick Smith as grand sachem, to succeed ex-Mayor Gilroy of New York, who has been turned down by the dominant Crocker faction.

A company has been formed at Waukegan to send coolness around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero at ease.

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

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Mr. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Meacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches the convention was finally organized by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the name of Dr. R. L. Moore. He said he came not to present the name of one unpolished with official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commissioned by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delightful task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the many traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he has been educated for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with unflinching courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant men who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in all fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the emoluments. Since the commission was created the Second district has held the office; now we present a man who is the peer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we present the name of Dr. Moore to this convention and ask that he be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded all through, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Messrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were all good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

Dempsey,	116 3 5
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After this ballot a motion was made

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Crittenden county should and will always remember the county of Hancock. It voted for our candidate first, last and all the time.

### IT IS A CYCLONE.

Says Senator Mitchell, of Free Coinage Agitation.

Miller was dropped,

### FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey, 101 2 3  
Moore, 88 2 3  
Richardson, 85 3 3

This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissionership, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unfaltering trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the same shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coining of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James got the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coinage of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

### NOTES.

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There is great excitement in Marshall county, Ala., near Gadsden, over the discovery of gold, which is now believed to exist in paying quantities.

Three negroes were flogged alive and then burned in a swamp on the Sewee river, Florida, Saturday night, for outraging and murdering a young white woman.

In the matter of engraving, every possible precaution is taken to prevent fraud, and the resources of the art are resorted to to produce designs which can not be copied. Occasionally workmen have been detected in the practice of making duplicate plates, one for the government and the other for private use, but such practice has been always most emphatically frowned upon when discovered. The work upon each bill is subdivided among so many employees at present that it is not thought possible for any workman to obtain an entire plate. When the designs for the fronts and backs of the bills are decided upon, the work for the different sections if divided among the various engravers; for instance, one man will be given the portrait, another the border line, another the lettering, and still another the scroll work. Each man, excepting the one that does the scroll work, patiently reproduces upon a plate of soft steel the parts of the designs given him. The work is wholly hand labor, each dot and line being carefully cut with sharp pointed chisels, or "gravers."

The scroll work is done with a machine called a "lathe." This machine works upon the principle of the "panograph," which is used in copying pictures. The design for the scroll is made upon a large scale and this is followed by the end of the long arm of the lever. The short end of the lever carries a cutting tool which reproduces the design in the proper scale upon the ordinary soft steel plate. When all of the parts of the design are completed and turned in, they are tempered or hardened and are then passed beneath a roller of soft steel, under great pressure. The designs are thus transferred to the roller, one at a time, and joined together in their proper order, so that when completed the roller will have the complete design for one side of the bill, but every cut in the line of the original design appears as a projection, and vice versa. In other words the roller represents

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Rollers of this character have been known to reproduce the designs upon as many as ten thousand plates before wearing out. The backs of the bills are printed in one operation in green ink, then after being dried, the faces are printed in black. Before leaving the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the bills are numbered in blue in the upper right hand and lower left hand corners. After reaching the Treasury building prior they receive the final impression which is the red seal of the Treasury of the United States, and are cut apart. Not until the seal is imprinted can they be used.

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Dempsey,	116 3 5
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Miller,	34 1-10
Moore,	29 3-5
Morrow,	29 1-10

After this ballot a motion was made

to adjourn, and there was a hot fight over it, but the chairman declared the motion carried, and the convention adjourned until Thursday morning.

On the first ballot Dr. Moore's friends expected him to be third, but Lyon county voted for Miller, and this gave him the third place.

On Thursday morning a rule was adopted to drop the thirdmost candidate after the third ballot.

### SECOND BALLOT.

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Richardson,	60 3-5
Moore,	39 3-5
Morrow,	29 1-10
Miller,	24 1-10

### THIRD BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3-5
Richardson,	60 3-5
Moore,	33 3-5
Morrow,	30 1-10
Miller,	29 1-10

### FOURTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	104 3 5
Richardson,	68 3-4
Moore,	57 1-4
Miller,	46 1-4
Miller was dropped,	

### FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	101 2-3
Moore,	88 2-3
Richardson,	85 3 3

This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

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1st. We declare with unfaltering trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

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3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coining of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals shall be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Then mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James took the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coining of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

Moses Hermansohn, a merchant of Lafayette Christian county, Ky., has made an assignment to T. J. Moore, of that town. Hermansohn's liabilities are about \$5000 with assets of about \$600, and on this Marcus Weinburg, a peddler, has a mortgage for \$1,000. Hermansohn's assignment catches quite a number of merchants in Louisville, who have sold goods to him on ninety days time.

NOTES.

Lyon county voted for Crittenden

on every ballot after the first.

Trigg county voted for Dr. Moore on every ballot.

The convention was largely for silver, even many of those who voted against the Rhea resolution were out and out silver men; they simply wanted to postpone until the State Convention.

Ollie James made the best nominating speech of the convention. He is the coming man of the First Congressional district.

Dr. Moore made friends by the score; he was popular with the delegates and the candidates were all for him, after self.

Carlisle and Ballard counties are the only ones in the First district that failed to give Dr. Moore a vote.

Crittenden's delegation was solid for the Rhea resolution; Livingston county voted 2½ votes for and 2½ against the Rhea resolution; G. N. McGraw cast the votes for it, while John Grattan voted for the Wheeler substitute, postponing the silver question until the State Convention.

Crittenden county should and will always remember the county of Hancock. It voted for our candidate first, last and all the time.

### IT IS A CYCLONE.

### Says Senator Mitchell, of Free Coinage Agitation.

Miller was dropped,

### FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	101 2-3
Moore,	88 2-3
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Portland, Ore., May 16.—A morning paper publishes a personal letter from Senator John L. Mitchell to Secretary of State Harrison B. Kimball, in which the Senator expresses the hope that the Convention of the Young Men's Republican clubs will adopt a resolution on the money question. In view of the fact that Senator Mitchell is one of the ablest leaders of the Republican party in this State, and the recognized leader of the silver faction, his opinion and desires will carry much weight with the convention. In part his letter is as follows:

"It certainly must be gratifying to you, and I am sure it is to me, to see the headway the silver sentiment is making throughout the country. It seems to have become a cyclone. The people are beginning to understand the question. They are just coming to realize how their interests have been murdered for the past few years by the enforcement of the single gold standard, and the appreciation of gold which is going up at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, all the time, thus depressing the price of every commodity in the same proportion. I hope the Republican state club association will speak out boldly and fearlessly on the money question. The leaders of the Republican party now in the east are beginning to realize for the first time that they can not win the next fight with a straddle bug resolution on the money question in the platform."

### TRIED TO HANG HIM.

Woolen Mill Girls Viciously Attack a New Foreman.

Trenton, N. J., May 17.—Charles F. Swain is a handsome young man who came from Philadelphia Sunday to become foreman of the Wilson woolen mill here.

Yesterday morning he went to the mill to get acquainted with his new job and was shown around by foreman McGregor, whom he was to succeed. When they passed through the weaving room, where more than a hundred young women were at work, the latter rose in their wrath, declared Swain should not take McGregor's place, gathered around him, showered him with bobbins thrown at his head, and finally, with the aid of fifty card boys and spinners assistants tried to hang him. Swain escaped and proposed to go back to Philadelphia, but the mill management took his part so vigorously that quiet was restored and he assumed charge.

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## UNCLE SAM'S GREENBACKS.

### How They are Made, and What Precautions are Taken to Prevent Counterfeiting Them.

### An Iron Clad Monopoly Run by The Government

Special to the Press.

Washington, May 21.—No honest man disputes the right of the government to maintain its monopoly of the business of manufacturing paper money. In order to outlaw the counterfeiter the greatest care is necessary.

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This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissioner district, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

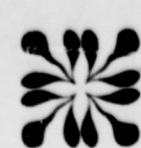
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ALWAYS IN THE LEAD WITH THE BEST GOODS AT HIGHEST TIME PRICES.

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Buy from us and save money.

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Let us hope and pray that it will be a long, long time before we have another mob in this county, and a long, long time before our good name is again stained with crime. We have good people, and as large a percent of them are horrified at crimes and depurate mobs and mob law as any other county in the State, but our record does not show it, and the preponderance of evidence is against us. Our courts are as prompt in bringing criminals to justice as the courts of any section of the country; the records will show this, and there is no necessity for mob violence.

The people generally feel that Howerton's punishment was no more than commensurate with his crime, but a large majority deeply regret the affair of Wednesday night. They think, and rightly too, that the law should have been permitted to take its course, that justice would have been speedily meted out to him by the court, and that the cloud brought upon the name of the county by mob law would have been avoided.

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Lyon county votes on prohibition Saturday. As we are to follow her example shortly, the result of the election Saturday will be looked for with a good deal of interest.

Carlisle now turns his back on the doctrine he advocated in 1878 on the currency question. May he not do the same thing on the tariff question? If he was wrong on one, he may be wrong on the other.

Mr. Nickell announced that free silver is his platform; G. N. McGrew put himself on record for the same thing at Owensboro last week. Now let Mr. Adams speak out and we will all know "where we are at."

With Carlisle and Watterson scampering away from the Democratic tent, and the Supreme Court denying the right of Congress to tax the wealth of the country, it is time to stop and wonder, "where we are at." It is a time for the rank and file of Democracy to stand together.

Henry Watterson owns up to having advocated free coinage in the past, but says he was wrong. It may be that the star eyed goddess has all along been joking about tariff reform, and the next breeze from Louisville may bear the news that Mr. Watterson is standing shoulder to shoulder with McKinley, making faces at the old regime girl.

There is nothing in Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech about an international conference. He is for the gold standard first, last and all the time. Those people who have been clamoring for a conference had as well shut up now. There appears to be no middle ground. Are you a bi-metallist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metallic, that is for gold alone?

Dr. Moore has reason to be proud of his race for the railroad commissionership, even though he lost. He began the fight unknown in politics beyond his own section, he had nobody prominent in politics to assist him in the race, three of his opponents were widely known, had good official records behind them and some of the most influential men in the district at their backs; yet Dr. Moore outlived four of them and was second in the race. He made friends all over the district, and so conducted his canvass as to win the good opinion of all of his opponents and their friends. The PRESS is proud that Crittenden and her candidate made such a creditable showing at the Owensboro convention, and believes that the future has yet some honors in store for our splendid county.

The "Banner" is the name of a newspaper published at Smithland by Rutter & Rutter. It is a neat, lively paper, one worthy the patronage of its county, and the PRESS wishes it success. There is one thing we object to, however, it says: "As to our political views they are Democratic, and we propose to stand by the principles of that great party," and in the same number it proceeds to attack silver and defend goldbugism. Its statement and its editorial are incompatible. The principles of the party have been enunciated in the party platform; in the platform of the last State Convention we find this:

Fourth—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver producer in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican party against silver which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and fearing that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, we tender our gratitude to the Democrats in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both Houses in favor of the free coinage of silver and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

In the National Democratic platform we find these words:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for minting."

In addition to these, with but few exceptions, the party's speakers in congress and out of congress, have since 1878 preached the same doctrine year after year, and at each campaign the old story was told over and over again. Even the party's campaign books, issued by the national committee, endorsed the doctrine. Now, as the Banner says, "Bob Babb is like other people in many respects; he has weakness," but that weakness does not consist in running away from the doctrine of his party, and when away still claiming his party's name. No, no, brother, you are not a Democrat. Where are you at, anyhow?

**It May Do As Much For You.**

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but without good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and Liver Troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At H. K. Woods Drug Store.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber, moldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get our prices.

**Ag Dewey & Co.**

The Courier-Journal had in its special from Owensboro yesterday the following interview:

Congressman Hendrick of the First district said: "I made my campaign in a sound money platform and won by it. I believe my majority still exists in my district. These reports about so many free silver men in my county are untrue. How can a Democrat be for free silver with the record of our administration behind us. A Democrat could not get up and make a speech on a free silver platform. That would be going back on the teaching of our party."

This is what Mr. Hendrick has to say on the money question as it relates to his district. No doubt he thought he was talking by the card. But in view of what his congressional district did in the convention yesterday, it seems he knows very little about public sentiment there. He was in the convention when the silver men of his district, under the lead of that brainy young Democrat, Ollie James, rushed like a cyclone to the rescue of those who demanded the restoration of silver—yet like a lame dumb before his shears he opened not his mouth. The present representative from the First district had better keep his eyes on the gun. If he does not he will discover that before he gets his seat warm in Congress young James will be seated in his place. Ollie James is a coming young man and Hendrick will do well to keep an eye on him.—Owensboro Messenger.

### TOLU.

T. J. Hamilton, after an illness of many months, is up again.

Misses Irene LaRue and Laura Bout, of Sheridan are visiting friends in Tolu this week.

A mistake last week as to the price of corn; 48c is highest price paid.

D. Tinsley was drowned Saturday evening in Croft lake; he was found Sunday by the use of dynamite.

Rev. Aron Johnson preached at Forest Hill Sunday to a large crowd. Perhaps forty obeyed the Saviour's command to "wash one another's feet."

Mr. and Mrs. Palon, of Livingston county, were visiting Dr. Boyd's family last week.

Miss Mattie Wallace has returned from Marion, bringing some friends home with her.

P. B. Croft and wife, John Wolt, and Foster Threlkeld spent Sunday at the Springs.

Mrs. P. B. Croft and Miss Allie Croft took the packet for Evansville Monday.

A colt belonging to John Sauer, colored, got snake bite and its head swelled until the eyes burst out.

Miss Mary Bennett and her brother Wallace returned home from Weston Monday.

T. J. Wright is hauling corn this week; he sold his corn in the ear at 40 cents.

Mrs. Jim Wallace is visiting relatives in Marion.

Miss Nannie Young leaves Wednesday for Marion to spend a few days, and then she will visit her sister in Union county.

**NEW SALE.**

Ervin Brower and Mrs. Chester Conyers and little Sarah Thorning, are on the sick list this week.

We are feeling rain badly, very badly.

Three-fourths of the corn crop of this section has to be planted the second time on account of destruction by cut worms.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 50 per cent. of a crop.

Wess and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. Wess and Sam belong to the M. E. church so maybe the tobacco will live.

John Conyers had a horse to die last week.

Goolod Shreeves had the misfortune to have a horse that got its leg broken on the 10th. Drs. C. R. Brown, of Salem and H. P. Brown, of Childress, set the broken leg.

Our old friend Goolod Shreeves comes in with the boss cut worm story.

He says he caught seventy cut worms from two hills of corn. Can any one

beat it—we mean in the number of worms.

**Ag Dewey & Co.**

Dick Miles, of Tolu, was in this section Saturday and Sunday.

Our farmers report great destruction to tobacco plants by the bugs in the last ten days; some farmers report having lost every plant. From present prospects not more than one half of a tobacco crop can be set, if the season from now on is favorable.

The Rev. Hodge Murphy preached at Tyner's Chapel Saturday night and the second Sunday.

C. O. Lowery, Livingston's county court clerk, is visiting his father, J. C. Rorer and family, of Caldwell, last Sunday.

For pure, unadulterated, old fashioned Kentucky hospitality, the good people of the little village of Levias can not be beat anywhere in Kentucky.

Rev. Robert LaRue, of Levias, is at home from Louisville to visit his friends, and Robert numbers them by the score.

Our Sabbath schools are increasing in attendance and interest every Sabbath. It is a good place for the old as well as the young.

### FREEDOM

The frost damaged crops to a certain extent.

There was services at Freedom Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Mallie and Sallie Long were the guests of Polly and Lilly Fritts last Sunday.

Will Dorroh and sister Maggie, of Lyon county passed here Sunday, en route to visit their brother Frank at Crayneville.

See our summer coats, vests, and duck pants.

A large crowd attended the burial of Nellie Garner Monday evening.

Fred Guess with Miss Edna Black, of Crier, left home Sunday morning to attend church at Fredonia, the horses ran away and ruined Fred's new buggy.

J. T. Morgan and Misses Lizzie Donaldson and Lizzie Brown will attend the Endevore convention at Louville Thursday.

W. C. Glenn has for sale the best mare and colt in Caldwell county.

J. E. Crier has the best two year old mare in Ky. (a colt of the mare for sale as above). The price of the mare will suit any one that wants to buy; come at once and secure a big bargain.

W. C. Glenn.

### IRON HILL

The cut worms have done considerable damage to crops here, and most of the corn crop will be to plant again.

Rev. Barber preached to a large congregation Sunday and also preached at night.

Sandy Dean is teaching a two month school here and has quite a number of pupils.

Mr. Vaun and wife, of Hopkins, visited G. F. Williams' family last week.

Thomas Dollins, of Midway, attended church here Sunday.

Marion Dean visited friends in Bell's Mines country Saturday.

Hackett Barbee and his sister are visiting friends here at present.

A fine mare, owned by John D. Kemp, fell from Piney bluff Sunday night and was killed; she was a beauty and George was very proud of her.

Fish men and "sang diggers seem to have reasonably good luck this season.

Miss Alma Mott was visiting the Wessington Wigginton Sunday.

Messrs. Frank Guess and Will Stevenson from Princeton neighborhood were in town last week.

Misses Coleen, of Princeton, was in town last week.

Nellie Garner, who had apparently recovered from danger of diphtheria, died Sunday evening of paralysis of the heart.

Mrs. Agnes Maxwell, of Dogwood was in town shopping Monday.

H. C. Paris of Piney creek was in town Sunday evening.

We have the best line of shoes ever.

Bugg & Loyd.

Gents furnishing goods of the latest styles and lowest prices.

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A large crowd of young folks from Princeton were in town Sunday evening.

Call and examine our assortment of fashionable hats and caps, which are sure to please you in style and price.

Bugg & Loyd.

Oscar Morgan went to Salem last Saturday.

Ladies vests of every style, from \$5 up to the best.

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Domestic articles of every grade, and at lowest possible prices.

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The best of prints at prices too low to quote.

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For the best grades of ribbons, gloves, hose, etc., call on Bugg & Loyd.

Irven Britt attended church at Glens Chapel Sunday.

We can get in new stock continually, as we sell continually.

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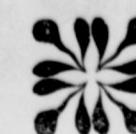
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The present representative from the First district had better keep his eyes on the gun. If he does not he will discover that before he gets his seat warm in Congress young James will be seated in his place. Ollie James is a coming young man and Hendrick will do well to keep an eye on him.—Owensboro Messenger.

## TOU.

T. J. Hamilton, after an illness of many months, is up again.

Misses Irene LaRue and Laura Bouton, of Sheridan are visiting friends in Toledo this week.

## FREEDOM.

The frost damaged crops to a certain extent.

There was services at Freedom Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Mallie and Salie Long were the guests of Polly and Lilly Fritts last Sunday.

Rev. Robert LaRue, of Levias, is at home from Louisville to visit his friends, and Robert numbers them by the score.

Our Sabbath schools are increasing in attendance and interest every Sabbath. It is a good place for the old as well as the young.

Dick Miles, of Tolu, was in this section Saturday and Sunday.

Our farmers report great destruction to tobacco plants by the bugs in the last ten days; some farmers report having lost every plant. From present prospects not more than one half of a tobacco crop can be set from now on as is favorable.

The Rev. Holge Murphy preached at Tyner's Chapel Saturday night and the second Sunday.

C. O. Lowery, Livingston's county court clerk, is visiting his father's family.

I will sell you a good lamp, burner, chimney and wick complete for 30 cents; everything in glassware same rates.

S. C. Bennett,

J. T. Morgan's building, a combined store and dwelling at Flatrock.

A. H. Cardin of Marion was here last week making pretty high offers for a few tobacco crops that had not been sold...

H. U. Turley and family, Charley Myers and family, of Cider were in town Sunday.

Will Dorroh and sister Maggie, of Lyon county passed here Sunday, en route to visit their brother Frank at Crayneville.

A nice line of new children's shoes.

Sam Howerton.

J. T. Wolf made a business trip to Crittenden Monday.

See our summer coats, vests, and duck pants.

Sam Howerton.

A large crowd attended the burial of Nellie Garner Monday evening.

Farmers are still grubbing at the cutworms; much replanting will have to be done.

John Nobst got the mitten the other night; oh, Johnnie!

Willie Fritts, Misses Lulu and Nellie Fritts, Miss Annie Clark, Miss Ada Fritts, and Messrs. Robt Nobst, Calva Fritts, James Nation and Clay Fritts went to the river last week on a fishing expedition. They caught less than a hundred pounds of fish.

There will be preaching at Freedon next Sunday night. Rev. Samsey will preach. Come out and hear him.

There was a prayer meeting at this place Wednesday night.

Castor.

The Athenian club has gotten to be a very interesting affair as the young people from the surrounding neighborhood have become regular attendees.

Mrs. McElroy Wallace of Lyon county, with Miss Moog Stevenson, was visiting relatives in town Sunday.

Mrs. Frankie Riner of Crittenden was visiting her father, Wm. Dorsey, of White Sulphur, Saturday and Sunday.

Several of the farmers got nearly through planting an enormous big crop of tobacco last week; in some places the worms bit off a considerable amount of it.

Miss Alma Mott was visiting the Misses Wigginson Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Guess and Will Stevenson from Princeton neighborhood were in town last week.

J. T. Coleman, of Princeton, was in town last week.

Nellie Garner, who had apparently recovered from danger of diphtheria, died Sunday evening of paralysis of the heart.

Mrs. Agnes Maxwell, of Dogwood Bend, fell from Piney bluff Sunday night and was killed; she was a beauty and George was very proud of her.

Fisherman and "saug" diggers seem to have reasonably good luck this season.

Miss Anna Mott was visiting the Misses Wigginson Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Guess and Will Stevenson from Princeton neighborhood were in town last week.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 50 per cent. of a crop.

Wess and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. Wess and Sam belong to the M. E. church so maybe the tobacco will live.

John Conyers had a horse to die last week.

Goollet Shreeves had the misfortune to have a horse that got its leg broken on the 10th. Drs. C. R. Stevens of Salem and H. P. Brown of Childress, set the broken leg.

For the best grades of ribbons, gloves, hose, etc., call on Bugg & Loyd.

Ira Benett attended church at Givens Chapel Sunday.

We can be getting in new stock continually, as we sell continually.

Sam Howerton.

About two dozen of all wool \$5 suits.

See our suits at 11.35.

Sam Howerton.

Miss Bertha Wigginson is at home, after a stay of several months at the Marion school.

We have a complete stock of finest dress goods at lowest cash prices.

Bugg & Loyd.

Jeff Wylie of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

C. M. Rorer and family of Crittenden, were visiting his father, J. C. Rorer and family, of Caldwell, last Sunday.

I will sell you a good lamp, burner, chimney and wick complete for 30 cents; everything in glassware same rates.

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There will be preaching at Freedon next Sunday night. Rev. Samsey will preach. Come out and hear him.

W. C. Glenn has for sale the best mare and colt in Caldwell county.

J. E. Cider has the best year old mare in Ky. (a colt of the mare for sale as above). The price of the mare will suit any one that wants to buy; come at once and secure a big bargain.

W. C. Glenn.

IRON HILL.

The cut worms have done considerable damage to crops here, and most of the corn crop will be to plant again.

Rev. Barber preached to a large congregation Sunday and also preached at night.

Sandy Dean is teaching a two months school here and has quite a number of pupils.

Mr. Vaun and wife, of Hopkins, visited relatives in town Sunday.

Thomas Dollins, of Midway, attended

## Free Coinage or no Free Coinage.



We are the People Just the Same to Buy Your Goods From.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD WITH THE BEST GOODS AT HARD TIME PRICES.

## Our Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes and all Kinds of Merchandise

WERE NEVER AS CHEAP, AND OUR ASSORTMENT NEVER BETTER.

Buy from us and save money.

THE PRESS.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR - ONE DOLLAR

We are authorized to announce

DAVID ADAMS

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

G. N. McGREW

as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

T. J. NICKELL

as a candidate for Representative from the legislative district of Livingston and Crittenden, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Let us hope and pray that it will be a long, long time before we have another mob in this country, and a long, long time before our good name is again stained with crime. We have good people, and as large a portion of them are honest at heart as any other county in the State; but our record does not show it, and the proportion of evil is against us. Our efforts are as prompt in bringing criminals to justice as the courts of any section of the country; the records will show this, and there is no necessity for mob violence.

The people generally feel that Howerton's punishment was no more than can measure with his crime, but a large majority deeply regret the act of Wednesday night. They think, and rightly too, that the law should have been permitted to take its course, that justice would have been speedily meted out to him by the court, and that the cloud brought over the head of the county by mob law would have been avoided.

The Owensboro currency resolution is all right.

The Democrats of the city of Henderson have decided for the gold standard.

Our Populist friend, Dr. Clark, whom there is no better man, accepts the nomination of his party for the legislature.

Lyon county votes on prohibition Saturday. As we are to follow her example shortly, the result of the election Saturday will be looked for with a good deal of interest.

Carlie now turns his back on the doctrine he advocated in 1878 on the currency question. May he not do the same thing on the tariff question? If he was wrong on one, he may be wrong on the other.

Mr. Nickell announced that free silver is his platform; G. N. McGrew put himself on record for the same thing at Owensboro last week. Now let Mr. Adams speak out and we will all know where we are at."

With Carlisle and Watterson scampering away from the Democratic tents, and the Supreme Court denying the right of Congress to tax the wealth of the country, it is time to stop and wonder, "where are we at? It is a time for the rank and file of Democracy to stand together."

Henry Watterson owns up to having advocated free coinage in the past, but says he was wrong. It may be that the starved goddess has all along been joking about tariff reform, and the next break from Louisville may bear the news that Mr. Watterson is standing shoulder to shoulder with us in making faces at the low prices.

There is nothing in Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech about an international conference. He is for the gold standard first, last and all the time. Those people who have been clamoring for a conference had as well shut up now. There appears to be a middle ground. Are you a bi-metallist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metalist, that is for gold alone?

Dr. Moore has reason to be proud of his race for the railroad commissionership, even though he lost. He began the fight unknown in politics beyond his own section, he had nobody prominent in politics to assist him in the race, three of his opponents were widely known, had good official records behind them and some of the most influential men in the district at their backs; yet Dr. Moore outlived four of them and was second in the race. He made friends all over the district, and so conducted his canvass as to win the good opinion of all of his opponents and their friends. The Press is proud that Crittenden and her candidate made such a creditable showing at the Owensboro convention, and believes that the future lies yet some honors in store for our splendid county.

The "Banner" is the name of a new paper published at Smithland by Rutter & Rutter. It is a neat, lively paper, one worthy the patronage of its county, and the Press wishes it success. There is one thing we object to, however, it says: "As to our political views they are Democratic, and we propose to stand by the principles of that great party," and in the same number it proceeds to attack silver and defend goldbugism. Its statement and its editorial are incompatible. The principles of the party have been enunciated in the party platform; in the platform of the last State Convention we find this:

Fourth—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the property of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican party against silver which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and feeling that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both Houses in favor of the free coinage of silver and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

In the National Democratic platform we find these words:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coining of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage."

In addition to these, with but few exceptions, the party's speakers in congress and out of congress, have since 1878 preached the same doctrine year after year, and at each campaign the old story was told over and over again. Even the party's campaign books, issued by the national committee, endorsed the doctrine. Now, as the Banner says, "B. B. Walker is like other people in many respects; he has weakness," but that weakness does not consist in running away from the doctrine of his party, and when they still claim his party's name No, no, brother, you are not a Democrat. Where are you at, anyhow?

It May Do As Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back, and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure all kinds of Kidney and Liver Troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50¢ per large bottle. At H. K. Woods Drug Store.

A large crowd of young folks from Princeton were in town Sunday evening.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 10 per cent. of a crop.

We and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. We and Sam belong to the M. E. church so maybe the tobacco will live.

John Conyers had a horse to die last week.

Goodlet Shreeves had the misfortune to have a horse that got its leg broken on the 10th. Drs. C. R. Stevens of Salem and H. P. Brown, of Childress, set the broken leg.

Our old friend Goodlet Shreeves comes in with the bone cut worm story. He says he caught seventy cut worms from two hills of corn. Can any one beat it—we mean in the number of

The Courier-Journal had in its special from Owensboro yesterday the following interview:

Congressman Hendrick of the First district, said: "I made my campaign in a sound money platform and won up now. There appears to be a middle ground. Are you a bi-metallist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metalist, that is for gold alone?"

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### The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

#### LOCAL NEWS.

Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce & Son's.

Lime at Pierce & Son's.

Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion.

Dr. Jordan, the dentist, of Marion.

Doors and sash at Walker & Olive's.

The carding machine will be at work in a few days.

FOR SALE—A good road cart, very cheap. J. W. Goodloe.

Get a copy of Coin's Financial School at Kean's.

Get your building lumber from Walker & Olive's.

R. N. Dorr has purchased the Elder planing mill.

A primary election is the best way to nominate candidates.

Two cans corn for 15 cents.

A. F. Griffith.

Allen Lowery and wife, of Carrsville, were in town Monday.

Fly bumpers.

A. Dewey & Co.

Fort Morris of Salem, was in town Monday, hunting a cook.

Misses Nellie Wilson and Mattie Blue went to Nashville Saturday. They went by boat from Dycusburg.

Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere.

A. Dewey & Co.

Mrs. R. F. Haynes, jr., and children are spending the week with friends at Caseyville.

Buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

Mr. F. M. Clement will go to Ardmore, Ind. Ter., shortly to rebuild the property he recently lost by fire.

Save money and buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

The people of the Boaz district, have just made a contract for a new school house. Mr. Arkridge, of Kelly, is the contractor.

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the highest market price for it. W. D. Haynes.

The cut worms have even gone to the river bottom corn fields—nothing known before in this section.

Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our prices. A. Dewey & Co.

The residence of Rob't Blakely, two miles from Hampton, was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening of last week. Most of the household goods were saved.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for sale by Walker & Olive. Get our prices on any bill you may want.

On the 17th the county court made an order allowing C. Henderson \$50 for arresting and delivering John M. Howerton to the jailer of Crittenden county. The county court offered a reward of that amount for his apprehension.

I will not be at my office in Marion next Saturday.

Mina Wheeler, School Supt.

A few days ago Mr. W. P. Loyd had the remains of his wife exhumed and placed in a splendid, substantial under ground marble vault, and an elegant monument was erected over the grave. The work was done by the Henry Bros., of this place, and is of course a tasty piece of work.

Big lot of O. G. doors and glazed sash bought before the advance of if you buy from us we will give you the advantage of old prices.

A. Dewey & Co.

Drowned.

Friday evening Dee Tinsley was drowned in Barnett lake. He was an unsmiling man about thirty years old, for some years he has been subject to epileptic fits. He was in a boat on the lake and it is supposed that one of those fits came upon him, and he fell overboard and drowned. No one was with him at the time; his hat and fishing rod were found floating on the lake.

Aunt Mary Dead.

"Aunt" Mary Haynes, an old colored woman, who has been a resident of Marion for many years, died at her home Thursday, after a brief illness. "Aunt Mary," as she was familiarly known, had many friends among both the white and black people of this vicinity, and all regret her demise. She was a relic of slavery days, and an industrious woman she was. Peace to her ashes.

#### HELD OVER.

**Five Men Charged With Burglarizing the Tolu Warehouse Held to Answer at Circuit Court.**

The examining trial of George W. Rose, Burt Rose, Milton Rose, Lewis Windsor, and James Webb, charged with breaking into the Tolu warehouse and taking away a lot of goods occupied Monday and a part of Tues day before county judge Moore. Some thirty odd witnesses were examined; the defendants were represented by James & James, Moore & Moore, of this place, and Judge Campbell, of Paducah; Messrs. Blue & Deboe assisted county attorney Travis in the prosecution, and the battle was a pretty hard fought one all around.

After hearing the evidence and the argument the court decided to hold the accused in bond to answer any indictment the grand jury might find against them. The bond of each was fixed at \$300; the three Roses executed bond very readily, but Windsor and Webb failed in this and were sent to jail.

The case has attracted considerable attention on account of the prominence of some of the parties. The stolen goods belonged to the People's Store of Tolu, and the manager of the store, Mr. R. A. Moore, has spared no pains in working up the case. Mr. W. A. Wickliffe, of Paducah, has assisted him in the matter.

**Sunday School Convention.**

God willing, we will hold our first District Sunday School Convention at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1. The first district includes all the schools between the Marion-Fredonia and Marion-Shady Grove roads. We hope all the schools in this district will be represented. We shall be glad if each school will send a good singing class. We shall be pleased to have representatives or classes from schools of other districts. We shall not expect the Wilson's Chapel school to furnish dinner for all, but cordially ask all the schools and surrounding neighborhoods to bring their baskets well filled. We shall be pleased to have from every school a report of its condition and and progress.

All classes present will be given a place of programme. Let us all attend and make this a pleasant and profitable day, and let us ask for a pourning of the Holy Spirit upon our work.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

The school board held a meeting Monday night. The advisability of building an iron fence around the school house was discussed pro and con. Three of the board were for the fence and three against it; and the matter was left for future settlement. The matter of re-electing teachers for the next term, the length of the term, and salaries came up for considerable discussion. Some members were for a nine month term and others for eight months. By a unanimous vote Mr. Evans was re-elected principal, and the assistant's place was tendered Mr. S. W. Adams, Misses Moore, Browning and Clement were chosen as teachers and Mr. Blackburn was given his old place if he wants it. Miss Kevill was not an applicant for a position in the school.

**Sunday School Convention.**

We want to hold District Conventions in the county as follows:

No. 1, Wilsons Chapel, Sat., June 1 " 22

No. 2, " " 22

No. 3, Tolu " " 29

No. 4, Enon " July 6

We want to hold the County Convention at Grayneville, Saturday Aug. 3.

If any other time or place would suit the people in the various districts better, they can inform me of that fact.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

**Marriage License.**

Coleman Byford and Miss Alice A. Tucker.

Burk McCormack and Mrs. Lucy Faulk.

Mr. W. E. Davis, of Lola, was in town yesterday.

**To the Farmers of Crittenden.**

We are handling the best binders and mowers built—for strength and light draft we refer competition. We so handle repairs.

H. L. Elder.

**Deeds Recorded.**

W. S. Paris, to W. L. Franklin, 6 acres for \$16.

J. W. Guess to W. H. Flanary lots for \$150.

J. W. Blue, sr., to G. R. Williams 8 acres for \$40.

Mr. J. C. Long is circulating a petition asking for the pardon of his son, who was sent to the penitentiary from this place at the last term of circuit court for attempting to burn a barn.

**A. Dewey & Co.,**

Don't throw trash on the streets; it is a violation of a town ordinance to dump old shoes, old cans, and old rubbish of any kind on any street.

The fine is from \$1 to \$20.

Among the Tolu people in town Monday were Messrs. Jos Brown and wife, Wm. Barnett and wife, W. P. Crider and wife.

At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to bitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 20c per gallon.

A. F. Griffith.

### THE MOBS WORK.

#### Howerton Pays The Severest of all Penalties For His Black Crime.

#### JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS.

John Howerton is dead.

The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death. He committed the awful crime of rape, he died a disgraceful death at the hands of a mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

Notwithstanding the scales now balanced? But to the story:

The crime which made John M. Howerton a fugitive from justice was told to the readers of the Press three weeks ago; in a word it is this: While going from one neighbor's house to another, Howerton, who escorted Annie Pierce, a daughter of a farmer of the Repton neighborhood, with his charge fell behind his companions, and when out of their hearing by physical force he despoiled the sixteen year old girl, keeping her in the wood for some hours. He then remained in hiding in the country for a week, and being hard pushed by the officers and the indignant people, he fled the country. On Monday, May 13, Mr. C. Henderson, of Blackford, found Howerton at work planting corn on the farm of a relative in Woodard county, Mo. Before the fugitive knew of his presence, Henderson had a pistol drawn on him and at the command Howerton threw up his hands and surrendered. On Wednesday evening of last week, Henderson arrived at Marion with his prisoner and turned him over to jail.

His father is Henry Howerton, an old, white headed man, in his seventies; he is a peaceful, law-abiding, honest citizen, well thought of by his neighbors, and everybody who knows him sympathizes with him in this great sorrow.

While the public generally feared a mob, but few people anticipated such a hurry on its part. Howerton did not reach Marion until night, and the news of his arrest and arrival, it was

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Choose a man who is interested in the school as a patron; where one's interests are, there his heart is;

Choose a public spirited man, one who is willing to spend and be spent in the great cause of education;

Choose a conscientious man, one who, having accepted the trust under oath, will perform it as well as if he were being paid for it;

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while Louisville sent not more than six or eight. But all this is changed now. Those cities send large delegations, while the country schools send still larger number, to this great educational council of the Commonwealth.

Of course teachers are well worn out in July, but this is another reason why they should attend—they

make the occasion a means of recreation. Many, no doubt, are not inclined to attend because, as they modestly say, "I cannot take anything of value to the Association."

Why dear Sir, Miss or Madam, take the most valuable thing on earth—take yourself! Enroll yourself as a member and see how big the army is to which you belong.

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We shall be pleased to have from every school a report of its condition and progress. All classes present will be given a place on programme. Let us all attend and make this a pleasant and profitable day, and let us ask for a full pouring of the Holy Spirit upon our work.

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Among the Tolu people in town Monday were Messrs. Joe Brown and wife, Wm. Barnett and wife, W. P. Crider and wife.

At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to hitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 20c per gallon. A. Dewey & Co.

### THE MOBS WORK.

**Howerton Pays The Severest of all Penalties For His Black Crime.**

**JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS.**

John Howerton is dead.

The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death. He committed the awful crime of rape, he died a disgraceful death at the hands of mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

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gave them the keys; they took the keys, and keeping those pistols on me, they made me go along with them to the jail doors, there they demanded that I unlock the doors, I told them that they had the keys and if the doors was unlocked they must do it, that I would not. Finally they succeeded in getting the doors open, and then wanted to know where Howerton was; about this time one of the prisoners walked around to where we were, and they demanded of him the whereabouts of Howerton, he declined to say, and by this time they had discovered Howerton sleeping soundly in his cell. After demanding that I open the cell door, I refused, and they finally opened the door, went in, caught hold of Howerton's arm, and shook him to wake him; when he roused up, they said: "John, come and go with us!" he got up, sat down in a chair and said: "Wait, boys, until I get on my shoes." Nobody appeared to be excited but me; while this was transpiring I was standing at the outside door, and when all of the party was standing looking in Howerton's cell, I slipped out, locked the door, put the key in my pocket, pulled off my shoes, run around the house, told my wife not to be alarmed that I had them locked up, I then went to arouse the sheriff, but finally found him, and told him the situation; I then started after the town marshal, but when I got to Weldon's corner, I heard a crowd coming up the street, and then I knew the thing was up, and I went back to the jail, and found that the six men I had locked in jail were trying to break out by knocking a hole through the brick wall; I saw their resistance was useless—there was a mob inside trying to break out, and a mob outside trying to break in. I gave up the keys to those on the outside and asked them to protect the jail, not to turn any of the other prisoners out, I also told them that I had some of their men locked up, they told me to unlock the doors and as I did so, I told them I did not know whether their men were upstairs or on the first floor; they said they wanted no one but Howerton, and then I knew that the men on the outside knew nothing about those on the inside, and there were two distinct mobs after Howerton, and up to this time neither knew nothing about the other; I opened the door, one of the men who had been locked up, came up to me with his pistol drawn and uttering unmentionable oaths said: "Hard, you did me a mean, dirty low down trick," I thought he was going to shoot me, and while another member of the last mob was expostulating with him I slid down the railing and went into the house. By this time they had tied Howerton and brought him to the front door of the jail. There he gave two or three unearthly yell that made my blood run cold, then they all left. From the time they first knocked at the door until they left with Howerton was about an hour, according to the clock, but to me it seemed like ten days. Some of the men in the last crowd were not disguised in any way; some of them put their faces close to the light, and said: "Hard do you know me?" I said, "no, I never saw you before and hope to God I will never see you again." Most of the men had their faces blacked, one had a handkerchief tied over his face. I never before spent such a night, no sir, I did not go to bed any more that night, and to tell you the truth I have not slept good since then. I thought the first mob was composed of Howerton's friends and that they had come to rescue him.

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At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to hitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 26c per gallon.

A. F. Griffith.

## THE MOBS WORK.

**Howerton Pays The Severest of all Penalties For His Black Crime.**

**JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS:**

John Howerton is dead.

The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death. He committed the awful crime of rape, he died a disgraceful death at the hands of a mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

The case has attracted considerable attention on account of the prominence of some of the parties. The stolen goods belonged to the People's Store of Tolu, and the manager of the store, Mr. R. A. Moore, has spared no pains in working up the case. Mr. W. A. Wickliffe, of Paducah, has assisted him in the matter.

Are the scales now balanced? But to the story:

The crime which made John M. Howerton a fugitive from justice was told to the readers of the Press three weeks ago; in a word it is this: White going from one neighbor's house to another, Howerton, who escorted Annie Pierce, a daughter of a farmer of the Repton neighborhood, with his d'arge fell behind his companions, and when out of their hearing by physical force he despoiled the sixteen year old girl, keeping her in the wood for some hours. He then remained in hiding in the county for a week, and being hard pushed by the officers and the indigenous people, he fled the country. On Monday, May 13, Mr. C. Henderson, of Blackford, found Howerton at work planting corn on the farm of a relative in Stoddard county, Mo. Before the fugitive knew of his presence, Henderson had a pistol drawn on him and at the command Howerton threw up his hands and turned his back. On Wednesday evening of last week, Henderson arrived at Marion with his prisoner and turned him over to jailer Hard, who placed him behind the iron bars of the jail. Five hours after Howerton reached the county and was lodged in jail there was an unmistakable knock at the door of the jailer's residence, which adjoins the jail; when the officer went to the door, he was not expecting a mob, and said he was soon made to understand that a number of men were present and they wanted John Howerton; with little ceremony the keys were in the hands of the mob, and the jailer was marched along at the point of a pair of pistols to assist in opening up, if his services were necessary. No trouble was encountered and soon the men who were to jailer Hard, who had stopped at the first iron door, quietly and quickly locked the door, fastening seven men on the inside; and then ran to alarm the sheriff. This done he proceeded to alarm the city marshal, but before he reached that officer's house, he encountered another mob, or another detachment of the same crowd, about thirty strong. They took him in charge, marched him back to the jail, and again made him surrender the keys; in a few seconds the second party had the doors open, and found the men who had unwittingly permitted themselves to be locked up, hard at work trying to make a hole through the brick wall of the jail. It was soon understood that each party was bent upon the same object, and Howerton was found concealed in the bed of another prisoner; he was taken to the door, his hands tied, and all quitted the place. Howerton used his voice pretty freely at first, but before going

gave them the keys; they took the keys, and keeping those pistols on me, they made me go along with them to the jail doors, there they demanded that I unlock the doors. I told them that they had the keys and if the doors was unlocked they must do it, that I would not. Finally they succeeded in getting the doors open, and then wanted to know where Howerton was; about this time one of the prisoners walked around to where we were, and they demanded of him the whereabouts of Howerton, he declined to say, and by this time they had discovered Howerton sleeping soundly in his cell. After demanding that I open the cell door, I refused, and they finally opened the door, went in, caught hold of Howerton's arm, and shook him to wake him; when he awoke up, they said: "John, come and go with us!" he got up, sat down in a chair and said: "Wait, boys, until I get on my shoes." Nobody appeared to be excited but me; while this was transpiring I was standing at the outside door, and when all of the party was standing looking in Howerton's cell, I slipped out, locked the door, put the key in my pocket, pulled off my shoes, ran around the house, told my wife not to be alarmed that I had them locked up, I then went to arouse the sheriff, but went to the wrong house, but finally found him, and told him the situation; I then started after the town marshal, but when I got to Weldon's corner, I heard a crowd coming up the street, and then I knew the thing was up, and I went back to the jail, and found that the six men I had locked in jail were trying to break out by knocking a hole through the brick wall; I saw then resistance was useless—there was a mob inside trying to break out, and a mob outside trying to break in. I gave up the keys to those on the outside and asked them to protect the jail, not to turn any of the other prisoners out, I also told them that I had some of their men locked up, they told me to unlock the doors and as I did so, I told them I did not know whether their men were up stairs or on the first floor; they said they wanted no one but Howerton, and then I knew that the men on the outside knew nothing about those on the inside, and there were two distinct mobs after Howerton, and up to this time neither knew nothing about the other; as I opened the door, one of the men who had been locked up, came up to me with his pistol drawn and uttering unmentionable oaths said: "Hard, you did me a mean, dirty low down trick," I thought he was going to shoot me, and while another member of the last mob was expostulating with him I slid down the railing and went into the house. By this time they had tied Howerton and brought him to the front door of the jail. There he gave two or three unearthly yell that made my blood run cold, then they all left. From the time they first knocked at the door until they left with Howerton was about an hour, according to the clock, but to me it seemed like ten days. Some of the men in the last crowd were not disguised in any way; some of them put their faces close to the light, and said: "Hard do you know me?" I said, "no, I never saw you before and hope to God I will never see you again." Most of the men had their faces blacked, one had a handkerchief tied over his face. I never before spent such a night, no sir, I did not go to bed any more that night, and to tell you the truth I have not slept good since then. I thought the first mob was composed of Howerton's friends and that they had come to rescue him.

Two cans tomatoes for 15 cents.

A. F. Griffith.

Strawberries 10c per can.

A. F. Griffith.

**Damage Suit It Lyon County.**

Suit for damages amounting to \$25,000 has been entered in the Lyon circuit court against Marshal Wm McCollum and his bondsman by the heirs of Mrs. M. E. Berryman, deceased, the ground of complaint being that the marshal exceeded his authority in making the arrest and thus impeding Mrs. Berryman in jail, thus incidentally causing her death, without the necessary paners. The suit will not come up for trial until the next term of court.—Paducah News.

Raisins 5 cents per pound.

A. F. Griffith.

**Last Call.**

I have waited as long as I can and have instructed my deputies to levy on all who owe me taxes for the year 1894. Govern yourself accordingly, for there will be no exceptions whatever.

Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

**Cash paid for produce by**

A. F. Griffith.

**Saturday the baseball club of this place went to Caseyville to play the club of that place.**

The game never reached a conclusion; the Marion boys pulled up stakes and came home after the first inning. They claim that they were not considerably nor fairly treated, a bystander was permitted to interfere with the game, the umpire was one-sided, and that to remain and play would have been exceedingly unpleasant, and they preferred not to play under such circumstances.

4½ pounds good coffee to \$1.

A. F. Griffith.

## EDUCATIONAL.

**Timely Suggestions For Trustees Teachers and People.**

**We Must Educate or we Must Perish!**—As is the Teacher, so is the School!—Public Office is a Public Trust.

The time for the election of trustees is nearly here; and there is no more important civil office in the county than that of trustee, so great are

# All-Wool Pants made to order for \$3.50 cash. M. E. FOHS, The Tailor.

## The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce & Son's.

Lime at Pierce & Son's.

Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion.

Dr. Jordan, the dentist, of Marion. Doors and sash at Walker & Olive's.

The carding machine will be at work in a few days.

FOR SALE.—A good road cart, very cheap. J. W. Goodloe.

Get a copy of Coin's Financial School at Harris's.

Get your building lumber from Walker & Olive.

R. N. Dorr has purchased the El-der planing mill.

A primary election is the best way to nominate candidates.

Two cans corn for 15 cents. A. F. Griffith.

Dr. Allen Lowery and wife, of Carrsville, were in town Monday.

Fly bumpers.

A. Dewey & Co.

Port Morris, of Salem, was in town Monday, hunting a cook.

Misses Nellie Wilson and Mattie Blue went to Nashville Saturday. They went by boat from Dyersburg.

Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere. A. Dewey & Co.

Mrs. R. F. Haynes, Jr., and children are spending the week with friends at Caseyville.

Buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

Mr. F. M. Clement will go to Ardmore, Ind. Ter., shortly to rebuild the property he recently lost by fire.

Save money and buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

The people of the Boaz district, have just made a contract for a new school house. Mr. Ackridge, of Kellsey, is the contractor.

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the highest market price for it. W. D. Haynes.

The cut worms have even gone to the river bottom corn fields—something not known before in this section.

Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our prices. A. Dewey & Co.

The residence of Robt Blakely, two miles from Hampton, was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening of last week. Most of the household goods were saved.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for sale by Walker & Olive. Get our prices on any bill you may want.

On the 17th the county court made an order allowing C. Henderson \$50 for arresting and delivering John M. Howerton to the jailer of Crittenden county. The county court offered a reward of that amount for his apprehension.

I will not be at my office in Marion next Saturday. Minna Wheeler, School Sup't.

A few days ago Mr. W. P. Lloyd had the remains of his wife exhumed and placed in a splendid, substantial underground marble vault, and an elegant monument was erected over the grave. The work was done by the Henry Bros., of this place, and is of course a tasty piece of work.

Big lot of O. G. doors and glazed sash bought before the advance of If you buy from us we will give you the advantage of old prices. A. Dewey & Co.

### Drowned.

Friday evening Dee Tinsley was drowned in Barnett's lake. He was an unmarried man about thirty years old, for some years he has been subject to epileptic fits. He was in a boat on the lake and it is supposed that one of those fits came upon him, and he fell overboard and drowned. No one was with him at the time; his hat and fishing rod were found floating on the lake.

### Aunt Mary Dead.

"Aunt" Mary Haynes, an old colored woman, who has been a resident of Marion for many years, died at her home Thursday, after a brief illness. "Aunt Mary," as she was familiarly known, had many friends among both the white and black people of this vicinity, and all regret her demise. She was a relic of slavery days, and an industrious woman she was. Peace to her ashes.

### HELD OVER.

**Five Men Charged With Burglarizing the Tolu Warehouse Held to Answer at Circuit Court.**

The examining trial of George W. Ross, Bert Rose, Milton Rose, Lewis Windsor, and James Webb, charged with breaking into the Tolu warehouse and taking away a lot of goods occupied Monday and a part of Tuesday before county judge Moore. Some thirty witnesses were examined; the defendants were represented by James & James, Moore & Moore, of Paducah; Messrs. Blue & Deboe assisted county attorney Travis in the prosecution, and the battle was a pretty hard fought one all around.

After hearing the evidence and the argument the court decided to hold the accused in bond to answer any indictment the grand jury might find against them. The bond of each was fixed at \$300; the three Rosses executed bond very readily, but Windsor and Webb failed in this and were sent to jail.

The case has attracted considerable attention on account of the prominence of some of the parties. The stolen goods belonged to the People's Store of Tolu, and the manager of the store, Mr. R. A. Moore, has spared no pains in working up the case. Mr. W. A. Wickliffe, of Paducah, has assisted him in the matter.

### Sunday School Convention.

God willing, we will hold our first District Sunday School Convention at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1. The first district includes all the schools between the Marion-Fredonia and Marion-Shady Grove roads. We hope all the schools in this district will be represented. We shall be glad if each school will send a good singing class. We shall be pleased to have representatives or classes from schools of other districts. We shall not expect the Wilson's Chapel school to furnish dinner for all, but cordially ask all the schools and surrounding neighborhoods to bring their baskets well filled. We shall be pleased to have from every school a report of its condition and progress. All classes present will be given a place on programme. Let us all attend and make this a pleasant and profitable day, and let us ask for a stout pouring of the Holy Spirit upon our work.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

The school board held a meeting Monday night. The advisability of building an iron fence around the school house was discussed pro and con. Three of the board were for the fence and three against it; and the matter was left for future settlement.

The matter of re-electing teachers for the next term, the length of the term, and salaries came up for considerable discussion. Some members were for a nine month term and others for eight months. By a unanimous vote Mr. Evans was re-elected principal, and the assistant's place was tendered Mr. S. W. Adams.

Misses Moore, Browning and Clement were chosen as teachers and Mr. Blackburn can have his old place if he wants it. Miss Kevill was not an applicant for a position in the school.

Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our prices. A. Dewey & Co.

We want to hold District Conventions in the county as follows:

No. 1, Wilson's Chapel, Sat., June 1  
No. 2, " " 22  
No. 3, Tolu " " 29  
No. 4, Econ " July 6

We want to hold the County Convention at Crayneville, Saturday Aug. 3.

If any other time or place would suit the people in the various districts better, they can inform me of that fact.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

### Marriage License.

Coleman Byford and Miss Alice A. Tucker.  
Burk McCormack and Mrs. Lucy Faulk.

Mr. W. E. Davis, of Lola, was in town yesterday.

### To The Farmers of Crittenden.

We are handling the best binders and mowers built—for strength and light draft we'd competition. We also handle repairs.

H. L. Elder.

### Deeds Recorded.

W. S. Paris, to W. L. Franklin, 6 acres for \$16.  
J. W. Guess to W. H. Flanary lots for \$150.  
J. W. Blue, sr., to G. R. Williams 8 acres for \$40.

Mr. J. C. Long is circulating a petition asking for the pardon of his son, who was sent to the penitentiary from this place at the last term of circuit court for attempting to burn a barn.

A car load of fine white Union county corn for sale; price 50 cents per bushel.

A. Dewey & Co.

Don't throw trash on the streets; it is a violation of a town ordinance to dump old shoes, old cans; and old rubbish of any kind on any street. The fine is from \$1 to \$20.

Among the Tolu people in town Monday were Messrs. Joe Brown and wife, Wm. Barnett and wife, W. P. Crider and wife.

At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to hitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 20c per gallon.

A. F. Griffith.

## THE MOBS WORK.

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### JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS.

John Howerton is dead. The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death. He committed the awful death at the hands of a mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

Are the scales now balanced? But to the story:

The crime which made John M. Howerton a fugitive from justice was told to the readers of the Press three weeks ago; in a word it is this: While going from one neighbor's house to another, Howerton, who escorted Annie Pierce, a daughter of a farmer of the Repton neighborhood, with his charge fell behind his companions, and when out of their hearing by physical force he despoiled the sixteen year old girl, keeping her in the wood for some hours. He then remained in hiding in the county for a week, and being hard pushed by the officers and the indignant people, he fled the country. On Monday, May 13, Mr. C. Henderson, of Blackford, found Howerton at work planting corn on the farm of a relative in Sodden county, Mo. Before the fugitive knew of his presence, Henderson had a pistol drawn on him and at the command Howerton threw up his hands and surrendered. On Wednesday evening of last week, Henderson arrived at Marion with his prisoner and turned him over to the authorities.

His father is Henry Howerton, an old, white headed man in his seventies; he is a peaceful, law-abiding, honest citizen, well thought of by his neighbors, and everybody who knows him sympathizes with him in this great sorrow.

While the public generally feared a mob, but few people anticipated such a hurry on its part. Howerton did not reach Marion until night, and the news of his arrest and arrival, it was

not long before a crowd gathered outside the jail, and the sheriff, who had been locked up, came to the door and told the men who had been locked up, come up to me with your pistol drawn and uttering unmentionable oaths said: "Hard, you did me a mean, dirty low down trick."

I thought he was going to shoot me, and while another member of the last mob was expostulating with him I slid down the railing and went into the house. By this time they had tied Howerton and brought him to the front door of the jail. There he gave two or three unearthly yell that made my blood run cold, then they all left.

From the time they first knocked at the door until they left with Howerton was about an hour, according to the clock, but to me it seemed like ten days. Some of the men in the last crowd were not disguised in any way; some of them put their faces close to the light, and said: "Hard do you know me?" I said, "no, I never saw you before and hope to God I will never see you again."

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Two cans tomatoes for 15 cents. A. F. Griffith.

Strawberries 10c per can. A. F. Griffith.

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ed him over to jailer Hard, who placed him behind the iron bars of the county jail. Five hours after Howerton reached the county and was lodged in jail there was an unmistakable knock at the door of the jailer's residence, which adjoins the jail; when the officer went to the door, he was soon made to understand that a number of men were present and that the wanted John Howerton; with little ceremony the keys were in the hands of the mob, and the jailer was marched along at the point of a pair of pistols to assist in opening up, if his services were necessary. No trouble was encountered and soon the men were in Howerton's cell, shaking his arm to wake him up. He got up, asked for time to put on his shoes. While this was transpiring jailer Hard who had stopped at the first iron door, quietly and quickly locked the door, fastening seven men on the inside; and then ran to alarm the sheriff. He said that he was afraid, however, that the father of the injured girl would kill him. It appears that Henderson had the day before his arrival here, sent a telegram to Blackford, asking that \$10 be expressed to him at Fulton, and that from the telegram the friends of Pierce inferred that Howerton had been arrested and would reach Marion Wednesday, and it is probable that they anticipated his removal from the county, and on this account were urged not to delay.

It is said that Henderson, the man who brought Howerton back, broke down and cried when he learned of the fate of the latter. He said that he would never have brought him here had he been convinced that such a thing would occur.

### Jailer Hard Tells it as Follows:

About 11:45 o'clock I was aroused from sleep by loud and lusty knocks on my door. I asked what was wanted. Open the door quick, was the demand.

I opened the door, and three of them covered me with pistols, and said they wanted the jail keys. They all then rushed right into the family room, and demanded that I be quick about getting the keys. They would not give me time to put on my shoes, but with those three ugly looking pistols they ordered me to march out and unlock the jail; I refused but

they took the keys; they took me to the jail door, there they demanded that I unlock the doors, I told them that they had the keys and if the doors were unlocked they must do it, that I would not. Finally they succeeded in getting the doors open, and then wanted to know where Howerton was; about that time one of the prisoners walked around to where we were, and they demanded of him the whereabouts of Howerton, he declined to say, and by this time they had discovered Howerton sleeping soundly in his cell. After demanding that I open the cell door, I refused, and they finally opened the door, went in, caught hold of Howerton's arm, and shook him to wake him; when he roused up, they said: "John, come and go with us!" he got up, sat down in a chair and said: "Wait, boys, until I get on my shoes." Nobody appeared to be excited but me; while this was transpiring I was standing at the outside door, and when all of the party was standing looking in Howerton's cell, I slipped out, locked the door, put the key in my pocket, pulled off my shoes, ran around the house, told my wife not to be alarmed that I had them locked up, I then went to arouse the sheriff, but went to the wrong house, but finally found him, and told him the situation; I then started after the town marshal, but when I got to Weldon's corner, I heard a crowd coming up the streets, and then I knew the thing was up, and I went back to the jail, and found that the six men I had locked in jail were trying to break out by knocking a hole through the brick wall; I saw their resistance was useless—there was a mob inside trying to break out, and a mob outside trying to break in. I gave up the keys to those on the outside and asked them to protect the jail, not to turn any of the other prisoners out, I also told them that I had some of their men locked up, they told me to unlock the doors and as I did so, I told them I did not know whether their men were up stairs or on the first floor; they said they wanted no one but Howerton, and then I knew that the men on the outside knew nothing about those on the inside, and there were two distinct mobs after Howerton, and up to this time neither knew nothing about the other; as I opened the door, one of the men who had been locked up, came up to me with his pistol drawn and uttering unmentionable oaths said: "Hard, you did me a mean, dirty low down trick."

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Two cans good coffee for 81. A. F. Griffith.

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They time for the election of trustees is nearly here; and there is no more important civil office in the county than that of trustee, so great are the responsibilities attached to it.

If a good school is desired, much depends on the trustees.

Choose the very best business man in the district; schools must be run on business principals to be successful:

Choose a public spirited man

#### SCIENCE OF ALL KINDS.

PROF. PICKERING reports the discovery of forty small lakes in Mars.

A distance of seven miles above the surface of the ocean can be seen.

It is said that subcutaneous injections of salt have been found useful in the treatment of some forms of insanity.

The use of brick dust mortar as a substitute for hydraulic cement, where the latter cannot be obtained, is now recommended.

WHEN a ray of sunlight falls through an aperture in a darkened room, it is rendered visible by a faint expanse. What we actually see, however, is not the ray of light, but the particles of floating dust rendered visible by it.

DR. OTTO NORDENSKIOLD, a son of Baron Nordenstiold, is to lead the Swedish Antarctic expedition now being organized in Stockholm. Dr. Axel Olson, the "M.S.M." of the Arctic, a member of the expedition of last year, will also be a member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

Dr. Olson, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variation in the size of droplets of different liquids. Water, 24; hydrochloric acid, 25; nitric acid, 25; sulfuric acid, 25; acetic acid, 25; castor oil, 45; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 55; alcohol, 62; ether, 83.

#### MILITARY HISTORY.

ON June 2, 1855, Gen. Grant issued the order for the disbanding of the army from the war department at Washington.

The battle of Borodino was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1812, and closed the age of a baron rule in England.

At Gettysburg 143,000 men were opposed, and of this number the total federal loss was 23,000; the total confederate loss 37,000.

On August 26, 1855, the battle of Borodino was fought, and Marshal III was killed. Such was the end of the last king of England of the line of the Plantagenets.

The battle of the British soldiers is a name given to the battle of Balaclava, November 5, 1854, because the British troops bore the brunt of the fighting.

There was no draft of men during the civil war, but a general draft was authorized by act of April 16, 1862, but did not begin until July 1, 1863.

In the battle of Marengo 53,000 men participated, and of that number 13,000 were killed or wounded, about twenty-two percent. Napoleon thought Marengo his greatest victory. He always kept throughout life the uniform he wore that day.

#### MUSIC AND ART.

NO FEWER than eighty-six plans have been sent in for the new Egyptian museum at Cairo, some coming from America. The premiums will be awarded soon.

MASCAGNI has written another opera, soon to be brought out at Milan. It is called "Silvana," has no chorus, and the late rev. Dr. George E. Ellis from his estate, and the American Antiquarian Society.

A recent London stamp sale a Cape of Good Hope one-penny stamp, an error, brought \$250; a four-penny red, also an error, \$200; a ninepence, Great Britain, bistro, \$100; and a 41 violet, Great Britain, watermark a cross \$102.

The ex-queen of Hawaii, Mrs. Dominis, has among her treasures a diamond ring, who expressed his warm wish for her restoration and included a picture of his baby girl, whom he had named Liliokalani.

The following death announcement appeared the other day in the Frankfurter Tagesspost, Nuremberg: "The life principle of our dear wife and mother, Dr. Anna Maria Johnson of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1837 to 1841, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous Tecumseh at the battle of Tippecanoe."

#### OUR WOMEN.

Now a Trilby foot silver pin has appeared. It is neither beautiful nor tasteful.

Miss Bruce, daughter of the Ohio senator, is reported engaged to Henry Outram Bay-Trowles, second secretary of the British embassy.

The steamer Natchez, which runs between New Orleans and Vicksburg, is offered by women. The captain is Mrs. Tom McRae, whose husband, Mr. McRae, was vice president of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1837 to 1841, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous Tecumseh at the battle of Tippecanoe.

#### PEOPLE OF THE ORIENT.

The maharajah of Kuch Behar, India, has given an order to a Birmingham firm to make for him a silver dessert service that will cost more than \$15,000.

The empress dowager of China has been relieved of all responsibility, but still much worried over the question as to how many peacock's feathers she ought to wear on her new spring bonnet.

Mr. Matsui, the new secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, is only about twenty-seven years old. He is a graduate of the Imperial university at Tokyo. Mr. Matsui succeeds Mr. Mizuki, who was recently transferred to Berlin.

Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister at Washington, is very fond of society, and he and the chancellor of the legation, a Japanese who speaks several languages, and is a most courteous and sociable young man, go out a great deal and have become very popular with the hospitable people at the capital.

#### RECENT INVENTIONS.

An electric hair-curler is a new thing. A patent has just been granted on a process for saving lead fumes in smelting.

A "CHASER" that is shot from a rocket and shoots around the heavens for fully ten minutes, has been invented by a man in Ohio.

During last year not a railway passenger train was killed in Michigan.

Twenty railway companies use and own rights of way into Chicago.

The Brooklyn elevated railroad has begun work on apparatus for lighting its electric lights.

FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO persons were killed on the railroads in Ohio last year, but only one of these was a passenger.

In Baltimore free transfers are now issued in some 40 points. In some cases it is possible to ride 30 miles for a single fare.

To keep down expense it is stated that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western has not pushed repairs, and as a result now has at Scranton 145 crippled locomotives.

EDWARD ATKINSON says that the time will come when the fiber in the cotton stalk will be utilized, and there are important elements for tanning and dyeing the cotton.

INDIA sent out 35,000 emigrants in 1894, 12,287 less than the year before. It is the smallest number recorded since 1851, when the statistics of emigration were first collected.

If Joseph Jefferson has really found rock salt on his Louisiana land, he may have a fortune awaiting him. Some of the Louisiana salt deposits are among the richest in the United States.

#### ABOUT THE WRITERS.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who has made a beginning as an author, is ambitious to become a playwright.

ROBERT KIPLING is spending several weeks at the capital. He has been making a close study of George Washington's policies.

The funeral services of Robert Louis Stevenson in Samoa were conducted by clergymen of the London Missionary Society.

WILLIAM Herbert bankrupted himself by the publication of charts to go with his philosophic books, a French high-kicking concert hall singer pocketed \$20,000 a week at a New York hotel.

ROBERT KIPLING's father, John Lockwood Kipling, proposed to his mother, Alice Macdonald, on the shore of Lyndhurst lake, England, and was accepted. The author was named Rudyard in honor of this romantic episode.

PIERRE BICKMORE, who is lecturing on American forestry at the Museum of Natural History in New York, illustrates the durability of wood by exhibiting an Egyptian image made of wood which he states is at least 4,000 years old.

AMONG the eccentricities of Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to have developed in her age is a desire to be buried in her famous book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." She can stand no allusion, however veiled, to her noted novel, and her friends and relatives are very careful to prevent the mention of the book in her presence.

#### SONS OF REPUBLICS.

The salary of the president of Mexico is \$100,000 a year.

PRESIDENT FAURE of France is the son of the scores of actors, lutenists, artists, etc. Under his regime the Elisee has taken on a more bohemian aspect than it has worn for years.

THE new president of France, M. Faure, has become extremely popular among the soldiers of the palace guard of honor by giving them an extra allowance of one franc every day.

FAIRHAMPTON declares that women and horses are just alike, and require the same treatment. There's only one way to get along with them: Use your strongest curbs on the fast ones and lash the slow ones like the devil."

Since the death of his wife, Allen G. Thurman, affectionately known as "Uncle G." of Marion, Ind., has sold his entire collection of books, which he carried himself like a man who had given up the right of becoming a confirmed invalid. His recent duck-shooting expedition was of great benefit to him.

MINISTER BAKER sends up an appeal from Nicaragua for a calendar, as there is not one in the city of Managua. He needs a calendar to keep time on the railroad.

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SEBASTIAN MENDONCA, the Brazilian minister of foreign affairs, has sold his entire collection of books, which he carried himself like a man who had given up the right of becoming a confirmed invalid. His recent duck-shooting expedition was of great benefit to him.

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ALFRED C. CASIMIR-PERIER, the ex-president of France, has returned to Paris, and those who have met him say that he looks like a different man, at least five years younger than when carrying the burdens of office.

MISS SALLY SANDERSON, the prima donna, who has had lots of bad luck with men, will leave in a few days for France to rest and says she will try it all over again next season.

PADEREWSKI, after his Leipzig concert, was made a knight of the first class of the Order of Albert by the king of Saxony. He is now playing at the Lazarus converts, in Paris, and is also working on the orchestra of his Polish opera.

JAMES VOORHEES, a son of Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, who has done some creditable work as a sculptor, has been commissioned by the committee on the Library of Congress to execute a bronze statue of the Rev. Dr. Jonathan Edwards, of Princeton, N. J.

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DIE OTTO NORDENSKIOLD, a son of Baron Nordenstiold, is to lead the Swedish Antarctic expedition now beginning in Stockholm. Dr. Axel Ohlin, of the University of Lund, a member of the expedition of last year, will also be a member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

DR. EDER, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variations in the size of drops of different oils: Water, 20; hydrochloric acid, 20; nitric acid, 27; sulfuric acid, 28; acetic acid, 30; castor oil, 41; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 50; alcohol, 62; ether, 83.

#### MILITARY HISTORY.

On June 2, 1855, Gen. Grant issued the order for the disbanding of the army from the war department at Washington.

The battle of Bannet was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1871, and closed the age of baron rule in France.

At Gettysburg 140,000 men were opposed, and of this number the Federal loss was 3,431; the total Confederate loss 57,993.

On August 22, 1845, the battle of Bosworth field was fought, and Richard III was killed. Such was the end of the last king of England of the line of the Plantagenets.

The battle of the British soldiers is a name given to the battle of Marignano, November 29, 1495, when the English troops bore the brunt of the fighting.

Timus had no draft of men during the civil war until 1863. The first draft was authorized by act of April 15, 1863, but did not begin until July, 1863.

In the battle of Marengo 58,000 men participated, and of that number 13,000 were killed or wounded, about twenty-two percent. Napoleon thought Marengo his greatest victory. He always kept throughout life the uniform he wore on that day.

#### MUSIC AND ART.

NO FEWER than eighty-six plans have been sent in for the new Egyptian museum at Cairo, some coming from America. The premiums will be awarded soon.

MASCAGNI has written another opera, soon to be brought out at Milan. It is called "Silvana," has no chorus, and only three characters. Signor Luccia will sing the tenor part.

MISS SARA SANDERS, the prima donna who has had lots of bad luck, will leave in a few days for France to rest and says she will try it all over again next season.

PADENSKY, after his Leipzig concert, was made a knight of the first class of the Order of Albert by the king of Saxony. He is now playing at the Lamoureux concerts, in Paris, and is also working on the orchestration of his Polish operas.

J. A. VONHORN, a son of Senator Vonhorn of Indiana, who done some creditable work as a sculptor, has been commissioned by the committee on the library of congress to execute a bust of Col. Richard M. Johnston, of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1837 to 1841, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous Tecumseh at the battle of Tippecanoe.

#### OUR WOMEN.

NOW A TRIBAL foot silver pin has appeared. It is neither beautiful nor tasteful.

Miss Bixby, daughter of the Ohio senator, is reported engaged to Henry Ostrander, Bax-Ironsides, second secretary of the British embassy.

The steamer Natchez, which runs between New Orleans and Vicksburg, is often late. The captain is Mr. Tom Leathers.

Mrs. Grinnell, wife of the editor of the Century Magazine, never pays calls. She entertains a great deal and says that she would be killed if she had to make formal calls.

The master of a steamship, who has experienced real perils at sea, asserts that during times of disaster women are more self-possessed and more likely to think than men.

Miss L. E. Carter, of Calender, Ind., has qualified to act as justice of the peace. Her husband runs a drug store in her name, and thus her initials were used on the ballots instead of his. As there was no law against her acting as justice, she has been sworn in.

#### THE WORK-A-DAY WORLD.

THE use of naphtha residues as fuel is every year increasing in Russia.

NEARLY all the glass eyes used in the world are made in Thuringia, Germany.

Coral is dear in South Africa than in any other part of the world, and is cheap.

EDWARD ARMSTRONG says that the time will come when the fiber in the cotton stalk will be utilized, and there are important elements for tanning and dyeing in the root.

IRELAND sent out 35,000 emigrants in 1894, 12,287 less than the year before. It is the smallest number recorded since 1851, when the statistics of emigration first began.

Mr. Joseph A. Person has really found rock salt on his Louisiana land, and has a fortune awaiting him. Some of the Louisiana salt deposits are among the richest in the United States.

#### ABOUT THE WRITERS.

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RENÉ LUDOVIC RIPLEY is spending several weeks at the capital. He has been making a close study of George Washington's military career.

The funeral services of Robert Louis Stevenson in Samoa were conducted by missionaries of the London Missionary society.

WHITE Herbert Spencer bankrupted himself by the publication of charts to go with his philosophic books. French high-life concert hall singer, a French girl, \$1,000 a week at a New York place of amusement.

ROBERT KIPLING's father, John Lockwood Kipling, proposed to his mother, Alice MacDonald, on the shore of Elyndale lake, England, and was accepted. The author who named Rudyard in honor of that romantic episode.

PROF. BUCKMORE, who is lecturing on American forestry at the Museum of Natural History in New York, will be a member of the expedition of last year, will also be a member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

DR. EDER, in the following table,

#### THE ARMS OF EUROPE.

This arms and navy of England cost \$160,000,000 a year.

The lowest sick rate in the English navy service in 1893 was on the south coast of America station, and the highest on the China station.

A RUSSIAN economist estimates the annual cost of armed peace in Europe at \$2,000,000,000. How vastly less expense would be to maintain an unarmed peace!

A NEW outer sole is being tried on the boots of the German soldiers by direct order of the emperor. It consists of a paste of linseed oil varnish and iron filings, which is said to render the sole flexible and make it more durable than the new aluminum boot steel. It is claimed that it is efficacious in cases of feeble women and delicate children.

REV. JOHN RODGERS, Danville, Ky., is a mystery to me, almost a miracle.

REV. Z. MOSS, Catlettsburg, Ky., uses a cream of opium for five years and find it invaluable as a cure for asthma.

REV. G. MOORE, Covington, Ky., practices electrocution for opium habit.

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THE Russian war office has decided to use exclusively gunpowder for artillery purposes, the reason given for this innovation being that animals of this color have been found to experience to be strong and more enduring than the brown ones now used.

EXPERIMENTS were recently made near Aurelia of the penetration of the Label ride aginst a bank of snow. Wall from a height of 100 feet, from a distance of fifty yards, the bullet stopped in every case at a penetration of five feet six inches. The striking velocity was 2,655 per second.

#### SONS OF REPUBLICS.

The salary of the president of Mexico is \$50,000.

PRESENT FAURE of France, is very fond of the society of actors, litterateurs, artists, etc. Under his regime the Elysee has taken on a more bohemian aspect than it has had for years.

THE CALENDAR of Paul Faure has become extremely popular among the soldiers of the palace guard of honor by giving them an extra allowance of wine every day from his private calendar.

WADE HAMPTON declares that women and horses are "just alike, and require the same treatment." There's only one way to get along with them: Use your strongest curb on the fast ones and lash the slow ones like the devil.

SIXTEEN BAKER sends up an appeal for Mariana a calendar, as there is not one in the city of Mariana. He needs a calendar to keep time on the revolutions.

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DR. EDER, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variations in the size of drops of different liquids: Water, 29; hydrochloric acid, 26; nitric acid, 27; sulphuric acid, 28; acetic acid, 33; castor oil, 44; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 53; alcohol, 62; ether, 83.

#### MILITARY HISTORY.

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The battle of Barret was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1471, and closed the age of baron rule in England.

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JAMES VANDERBILT, a son of Senator Vanderbilt, who has done some creditable work as a sculptor, has been commissioned by the committee on the library of congress to execute a bust of Col. Richard M. Johnston, of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1837 to 1841, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous Tecumseh at the battle of Tippecanoe.

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Mrs. L. E. CASTLE, of Callendar, Ia., has qualified to act as justice of the peace. Her husband runs a drug store in her name, and thus her initials were used on the ballots instead of his. As there was no law against her acting as justice, she has been sworn in.

#### THE WORK-A-DAY WORLD.

The use of naphtha residues as fuel is very increasing in Russia.

Nearly all the glass eyes used in the world are made in Thuringia, Germany.

Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world, and is cheapest in China.

EDWARD ATKINSON says that the time will come when the fiber in the cotton stalk will be utilized, and there are important elements for tanning and dyeing in the root.

IRELAND sent out 35,000 emigrants in 1850, less than the year before.

It is the smallest number recorded since 1851, when the statistics of emigration were first collected.

If Joseph Jefferson has really found rock salt on his Louisiana land, he may have a fortune awaiting him. Some of the Louisiana salt deposits are among the richest in the United States.

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JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who has made a beginning as an author, is ambitious to become a playwright.

EDWARD KIPLING is spending several weeks at the capital. He has been making a close study of George Washington's policies.

STEPHEN STEPHENS in Samoa were conducted by missionaries of the London Missionary society.

WILLIAM HERBERT SPENCER bankrupted himself by the publication of charles to go with his philosophic books, a French high-fiving concert hall singer pockets \$2,000 a week at a New York place of amusement.

EDWARD KIPLING's father, John Lockwood Kipling, proposed to his wife, Alice, to skipper a boat on a Bury lake, England, and was accepted. The author was named Blandford in honor of that romantic episode.

PROF. BICKNELL, who is lecturing on American forestry at the Museum of Natural History in New York, illustrates the durability of wood by exhibiting an Egyptian image made of wood which he stated at least 4,000 years old.

AMONG the eccentricities that Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to have developed in her old age is a detestation of all reference to her famous book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." She can stand no allusion, however veiled, to her noted novel, and her friends and relatives are very careful to prevent the mention of the book in her presence.

#### SONS OF REPUBLICS.

THE SALARY of the president of Mexico is \$30,000.

President FAURE, of France, is very fond of the society of actors, litterateurs, and artists, and the like. The Elisee has taken on a more bohemian aspect than it has worn for years.

MINISTER BAKER sends up an appeal from Nicaragua for a calendar, as there is not one in the city of Managua. He needs a calendar to keep time on the revolutions.

WADE HAMPTON declares that women and horses are "just alike, and require the same treatment." There's only one way to get along with them: Use your strongest curb on the fast ones, and lash the slow ones with the tail.

SAKURADA, affectionately known as "The Old Roman," has become a strict recluse. He reads all night, and spends the day asleep in his library in his house at Columbus, O. He is now 82 years old.

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#### DAME FASHION'S DECREES.

BEADED galloon is used to edge the reverse and collars of velvet waists.

VALENCIENNES lace is coming into popularity, and blouse waists made of it are worn over white silk underclothes.

FLOWERED organdies are very popular, and some of the new blouses made of them are trimmed with very wide lace.

It is said that sleeves in shirt waists are to be larger than is comfortable by this means the shirt waist would be robbed of its distinctive character.

A QUANTITY of very small tucks made by hand may be seen among the novelties. Fine mill, organdie and linen lawn waists made up with these little tucks are to be worn.

The fancy for colored underwear continues, and exquisite sets are made of batiste and maoissoin in very light tints. The trimmings are either edgings or embroidery.

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The following death announcement appeared the other day in the Franklin Times. The Rev. Mr. Newell, the principle of our dear wife and mother ended to-day, in the fifty-fifth year of its existence. The material will be given back to earth in the grave-yard on Saturday."

#### PEOPLE OF THE ORIENT.

The maharajah of Kueh Behar, India, has given an order to a Birmingham firm to make for him a silver dessert service that will cost more than \$15,000.

THE EMPRESS dowager of China has been relieved of all responsibility, but she much worried over the question as to how many peacock's feathers she ought to wear on her new spring bonnet.

MATSUI, the new secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, is only about twenty-seven years old. He is a graduate of the Imperial university at Tokio. Mr. Matsui succeeds Mr. Miyoki, who was recently transferred to Berlin.

MR. KUROKO, the Japanese minister at Washington, is very fond of society. The Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who gives pretty little recitations in his church in Newburgh, N. Y., devotes all his leisure to the cultivation of flowers.

CULTIVATED plums, of which there are several hundred varieties, all descended from the original species, which was a native of the south Caucasian country.

AT THE KEW gardens a greenish glass has been used for the greenhouses for half a century. Recently experiments with a very white glass showed such a remarkable improvement in the plants that the green glass will be given up altogether.

#### ECHOES OF THE RAIL.

MICHIGAN has 7,573 miles of railway.

THESE are 8,738 miles of railway in Ohio.

DURING last year not a railway passenger was killed in Michigan.

TWENTY railway companies use and own rights of way into Chicago.

THE BROOKLYN elevated railroad has begun work on apparatus for lighting its stations by electricity.

FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO persons were killed on the railroads in Ohio last year, but only one of these was a passenger.

IN BALTIMORE free transfers are now issued at some 40 points. In some cases it is possible to ride 30 miles for a single fare.

TO KEEP down expense it is stated that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western has not pushed repairs, and as a result now has at Scranton 145 crippled locomotives.

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#### THE ARMS OF EUROPE.

THE ARMY and NAVY of England cost

\$160,000,000 & upwards.

The lower the sick rate in the English

navy service in 1893 was on the south-

east coast of America station, and the

highest on the China station.

A RUSSIAN economist estimates the

annual cost of armed peace in Europe

at \$2,000,000,000.

How vastly less expensive it would

be to maintain an unarmed peace!

Two new British torpedo-boats de-

stroyers, the Banshee and Contest, built

by Laird, show high speed with a

revolution or two faster than others.

The Banshee made a three-hour trial

with an average speed of 27.6 knots with

245 revolutions. These two boats are

210 feet long.

THE RUSSIAN war office has decided to

use exclusively gray horses for

artillery purposes, the reason given

for the innovation being that animals

of this color have been found

to be stronger and more enduring

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Experiments were recently made

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Walls from three to six meters thick

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#### AMERICAN STATESMEN.

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM SULZER,

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His glaring red

countenance and the wonder

it creates in the public mind

are well known.

MINISTER BAKER sends up an appeal

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#### SCIENCE OF ALL KINDS.

PROF. PICHENER reports the discovery of forty small lakes in Mars.

AT a distance of seven miles above the earth no human being can breathe.

It is said that spontaneous injections of salt have been found useful in the treatment of some forms of insanity.

The use of brick dust mortar as a substitute for hydraulic cement, where the latter cannot be obtained, is now recommended.

When a ray of sunlight falls through an aperture into a darkened room it is rendered visible, as far as it extends. What we actually see, however, is not the ray of light but the particles of illumination reflected visible by it.

Dr. CYRUS NORMAN, son of Baron Norman Böök, is to lead the Swedish antarctic expedition now being organized in Stockholm. Dr. Axel Oldin, of the university of Lund, and a member of the expedition of last year, will also be a member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

Dr. EBEN, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variations in the size of drops of different liquids. Water is taken as 100; oil, 20; acetic acid, 38; camphor oil, 41; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 56; alcohol, 62; ether, 83.

#### MILITARY HISTORY.

On June 2, 1865, Gen. Grant issued the order for the disbanding of the army from the war department at Washington.

The battle of Barnet was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1471, and closed the age of baron rule in England.

At Gettysburg 140,000 men were opposed, and of this number the total federate loss was 37,000.

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SWITZERLAND one hundred of every thousand come cutters die of consumption; in England the rate is 340 deaths per 1,000.

THE Massachusetts Historical society received \$30,000 and the home of the late Rev. Dr. George E. Ellis from his estate, and the American Antiquarian society \$10,000.

AT a recent London stamp sale a Cape of Good Hope one-penny blue stamp, an error, brought \$25; a four-penny red, also an error, \$200; a nine-pence, Great Britain, blue, \$100, and a £1 violet, Great Britain, watermark a cross, \$102.

THE ex-queen of Hawaii, Mrs. Dominy, has among her treasures a portrait of a United States who expressed his warm wish for her restoration and inclosed a picture of his baby girl, whom he had named Lillianokalan.

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MR. KURINO, the Japanese minister of foreign affairs, is a son of a distinguished family, and he is the chancellor of the legation, a Japanese who speaks several languages, and is a most courteous and sociable young man, goes a great deal and become very popular with the hospitable people at the capital.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

AN electric hair-curler is a new thing. A patent has just been granted on a process for saving lead fumes in smelting.

A "CHASER" that is shot from a rocket and shoots around the heavens for ten minutes, has been invented by a man in Victoria, Australia.

A WINDOW cleaner composed of a brush having a water reservoir attached and arranged to supply water to the brushing surface is among late novelties.

AN alarm letter box is a recent invention. When a packet is dropped in it sounds a bell in the house, to inform the listeners that the postman has brought a letter.

AT the yachting exhibition in London is shown a "combined ship's buoy." It is carried on deck, and when the ship sinks it floats and records at once the depth and minute of the disaster.

BAKING powder transfers are now issued at some 40 points. In some cases it is possible to ride 30 miles for a single pack.

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#### DR. J. W. JORDAN,

THE WELL KNOWN

DENTIST.

Has permanently located in Marion

Teeth Extracted Without Pain

FULL set of teeth, guaranteed, from \$15 to \$20. I will be in Tolu every third Saturday.

APRIL 23, 1895. A. Wilson, Commissioner.

—

NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against

the estate of A. A. Custer, deceased,

are hereby notified to present same

properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., or at home, June 15, 1895. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever disbarred.

APRIL 23, 1895. A. Wilson, Commissioner.

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ALL persons having claims against

the estate of Thomas S. Custer, deceased,

are hereby notified to present same

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